

Università Politecnica delle Marche Scuola di Dottorato XIX ciclo – IN AGRICULTURAL, FOOD AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES Anno Accademico 2017/2018

*Methods and techniques for product Constant 2° year Bibliographic seminar PhD student Name

Introduction

Location :

Definition









Methodological framework





How to determine the biodiversity ? SAMPLING DEFINITION AND IMPORTANCE



1. Spatial scale

Sampling distribution techniques





Method A

Description of the first method for the vegetation sampling. A little description of the development of the method and a focus on the field usage





Definitions and description of the field usage of the method A

Charachteristichs

- Α •
- В ٠
- •
- D •



Positive and negative aspects of the method A







Other sampling techniques

Method A \triangleright Method B \succ > Method C Method D Positive aspects apple copy EX **Negative aspect** В В ٠ ٠ С С ٠ •



Field survey method choice



For the second aspect of the analysis : METHOD A

XXX et. al. 2018 in "Journal article title" uses this technique (Method A)

AIM of the paper that you are focus in, for highlight the positive aspects of the method **DEFINITIONS:**.



For the second aspect of the analysis : METHOD B

AIM of the paper that you are focus in, for highlight the positive aspects of the method





Time scale analysis techniques



METHOD A (Bibliography) ٠

- **METHOD E** ٠ (Bibliography)



Time scale analysis methods choice

To study the research topic in a time scale we choose the methods A and B (when it's possible)





Some general remarks on other techniques (eg. Statistical analysis) that are studied and used but not included in this presentation

- A
- B
- C
- D

Possible future technique to be included in the research: with a deeper understanding of the technique

METHOD E (time scale analysis) REASON A REASON L REASON C EQQUE Time Agricultural land abandonment regetation height Cadastral parcels Stable forest Old succession New succession

... in summary



References

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